

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

ODISHA PREFAB ENGINEERING PRIVATE LIMITED

(A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)

1ST. The Name of the Company is "**ODISHA PREFAB ENGINEERING PRIVATE LIMITED**".

2ND. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the **State of Odisha**.

3RD. **THE OBJECTS FOR WHICH THE COMPANY IS ESTABLISHED ARE AS FOLLOWS:-**

A. OBJECTS TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION ARE:

- 1.** To carry on in India or elsewhere the business to design, manufacture, produce, prepare, buy, procure, acquire, import, export, improve upon, alter, manipulate, maintain, prepare for market, handle, assemble, heat, grade, mould, cast, sell, resale, operate, dispose of, distribute, transport, store, forward, dispose, consume, repair supply and to act as contractors, jobbers, engineers, consultants of all types of Fabrication works including metal, iron & steel, glass, copper, nickel, titanium, zinc, Aluminium Fabrication, Metal fabrication works, Aluminium partition services, window and railing fabrication services, door and window fabrication services, industrial aluminium fabrication services, structural fabrication, aluminium panel work, facade fabrication and installation, supply of building furnishing material and to do all types of civil and mechanical government contractual job works, works contracts and services.

** The Clause 1ST of the Memorandum of Association of the Company has been altered vide Resolution No. 1 dated 22nd May, 2023.*

B. MATTERS WHICH ARE NECESSARY FOR FURTHERANCE OF THE OBJECTS SPECIFIED IN CLAUSE 3RD (A) ARE:-

1. To acquire, merge, amalgamate, and take over as going concern business of any person, proprietorship business, partnership firm, company, Limited Liability partnership firm, Co-operative Society, Trust, association of persons along with their entire assets and liabilities of the business after complying all necessary laws of inland in this regard.
2. To carry on any other trade or business of a character similar or analogous to the trade or business herein before mentioned or any business which may seem to the Company to be capable of being conveniently and/or profitably carried on in connection therewith, or may seem to the Company calculated, directly or indirectly to enhance the value of any of its property or rights or to further any of its objects
3. To acquire by purchase, lease, concession, grant license, or otherwise, such lands, buildings, minerals, water works, plant, machinery, stock-in-trade, stores, rights, privileges, easements and other property as may from time to time be deemed necessary for carrying on the business of the Company and to build or erect upon any land of the Company howsoever acquired such many factories, workshops, warehouses, offices and other buildings and to erect such machinery and construct such roads, ways, railway branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, water courses, hydraulic works.
4. To purchase, acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or Company carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which this Company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the Company or which can be carried on in conjunction there with or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company.
5. To sell, exchange, mortgage, let on lease, royalty or tribute, grant license, easements, options and other rights over and in any other manner deal with or dispose of the whole or any part of the undertaking, property, assets, rights and effects of the Company for such consideration as may be thought fit and in particular for stocks, shares whether fully or partly paid up, or securities of any other Company.
6. To improve, manage, cultivate, develop, exchange, let on lease, mortgage, sell, dispose of turn to account, grant rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the properties and rights of the company on such terms as the company shall determine and to supply power, light and heat, and to layout land for building purpose, and to sell the same, and to build on, improve let on building lease, advance money to persons building or otherwise to develop the same subject to the Reserve Bank guidelines and Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

7. To enter into any agreement with any Government or authorities (municipal, local or otherwise) or corporations, Companies, or persons, which may seem conducive to the Companies objects or any of them and obtain from such Government Authority, Corporation, Company or Persons any contracts, rights, privileges and concessions which the Company may think desirable and carry out, exercise and comply with such contracts, rights, privileges and concessions.
8. To sell or subject to any rights, concession or license obtained or contracts entered into and generally to sell the whole or any part of the property and business of the company for cash or for shares where fully paid up or not, debentures, or securities of another company, or partly in cash or partly in such shares, debentures, or securities as are distributed in specie amongst the members or otherwise.
9. To open offices, shops, godown, and branch offices as well as retail or whole sale outlets at any place in India or abroad in order to benefit or advance the company's main objects and for such other purposes, including taking up of agencies, sub-agencies and / or representation for machineries and other products.
10. To open account or accounts with any individuals, firm or Company or with any bank or banks and to pay into and to withdraw only from such account or accounts.
11. To receive money on loan, borrow or raise money in such manner as the company shall think fit and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge or lien upon all or any of the property or assets of the company (both present and future) including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the company or any other persons or company of any obligation undertaken by the company or any other person or company as the case may be.
12. To invest, apply for and acquire or otherwise employ moneys belonging to or entrusted to or at the disposal of the Company upon securities and shares or without security, upon such terms as may be thought proper and from time to time to vary such transactions in such terms as may think fit.
13. To form, incorporate or promote any company or companies, whether in India or elsewhere, having amongst its or their objects the acquisition of all or any of the assets or control, management or development of the company or any other objects or object which in the opinion of the company could or might directly or indirectly assist the company in the management of its business the development of its properties or otherwise prove advantageous to the company and to pay all or any of the costs and expenses incurred in connection with any such promotion or incorporation and to remunerate any.
14. To purchase otherwise acquire the land and buildings thereon for the purpose of the company and to maintain, reconstruct, refurbish and re-erect whether wholly or in part the said buildings or to alter or add to the said buildings or premises for the

purpose of and more beneficial use of the said company and if necessary to sell or transfer or otherwise dispose of the said premises or any part thereof for better or more economical use of the other properties of the company.

15. To enter into negotiation of any arrangements with Authorities-Central, State, Municipalities, Local or otherwise Public or Quasi-public bodies or with any persons, firms, companies or corporations whether Indian, foreign or otherwise that may seem conducive to the Company's main objects or any of them and to obtain from any such Government authorities, or persons firms, companies or corporations any rights, privileges and concession which the company may think desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions.
16. To enter into technical, financial and/or any kind of collaboration of arrangements with other firm or firms or with Government Departments in or outside India on payment of royalty or an outright sum for the fulfilment of the company's main objects.
17. To open any kind of account in any bank and to draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments or securities.
18. To borrow or raise money in such manner as the company shall think fit and in particular by the issue of shares, debentures or debenture stock (perpetual or otherwise) and bank loans and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing, by mortgage, charge or lien upon the whole or any part of the company's property or assets (whether present or future) including its uncalled capital and also by a similar mortgage, charge or lien, to secure and guarantee the performance by the company of any obligation or liability it may undertake.
19. To draw make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrant, debentures and negotiable of transferable instruments.
20. To promote and protect the industries in which the company is carrying on business and trade to represent to various Governments, grievances, if any, of consumers, dealers manufacturers and importers and to advise the Government about the particular difficulties in the working of the above trade and industries to promote, support or lawfully oppose legislation or other measures, affecting the said trades and industries.
21. To remunerate any person, firm or company rendering service to this company, either by cash payment or by the allotment to him or them of shares or securities of the company credited as paid up in full or part or otherwise as may be thought expedient.
22. To use trade-marks or trade names or brands for the products and goods of the company to adopt such means of making known business and products of the

company or any other Company in which this Company is interested as may deem expedient and in which this Company is interested as may deem expedient and in particular by advertising in newspaper, magazines, periodicals, radio, television and cinema, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by opening stores and exhibitions, by publication of periodicals, calendars, diaries or any other materials, by publicity, by distributing samples and granting prizes, reward and donations subject to the applicable provisions of the Act.

23. To remunerate the employees of the company out of its profits or in any other manner as the company may think fit and to pay any gratuity, allowances, bonus, commissions or salary to any person in the employment of otherwise connected with the company and to provide for their necessary accommodations in life, to lock their comforts in life and to render all assistance to them by opening stores, establishing Co-operative Societies, educational institutions and home industries, hospitals and dispensaries.
24. To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, hundies, bills of exchange, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments and open an accounts with any schedule bank or banks and to pay into and to withdraw money from such account or accounts.
25. To appoint legal advisers and to engage legal practitioners for the company to appear before any Court or Tribunal on its behalf and to represent the Company in suits and proceedings or to refer any of the company's matters to arbitration.
26. To do such things which the company is capable to carry of conveniently in connection with the Company's objects or which may be advisable to undertake with a view to developing, rendering valuable, prospecting or turning to account any property, real or personal belonging to the Company or in which the Company may be interested.
27. To buy, refine, import and deal in substances, apparatus and things capable of being used in any business of the Company or required by any customers or persons having dealing with the Company.
28. To apply for purchase or otherwise acquire any patent, trademark, brevetted invention, licenses, concessions, protection, rights, privileges and the like conferring any exclusive or non exclusive or limited rights to any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company or the acquisition of which may seem directly or indirectly or use of benefit to the Company or may appear likely to be advantageous or useful to the Company and to use, exercise, develop or grant license, privileges in that respect or otherwise turn to account the property, right or information so acquired and to assist, encourage and spend money in making experiments, tests, improvements of all invention patent and right, which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.

29. To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, clubs, societies, funds, trust and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the Company or the dependents or the connections of such persons or subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 to subscribe or grant money for any charitable, national, religious, benevolent, object or fund or for any purpose which may likely, directly or indirectly, further the main objects of Company or the interest of its members or business subject to provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
30. To open branches in India or elsewhere and to get the company registered in any foreign country and adopt such means of making known to the public the business or the products of the Company as may seem expedient and in particulars by advertising in the press by circulars & publication of books & periodicals.
31. To undertake carryout, promote and sponsor rural development including any program for promoting economic welfare of or the upliftment of the public in any rural area and to incur any expenditure or any program of rural development and to assist execution and promotion thereof either directly or through or an independent agency or any other manner and divest ownership of any property of the company to or in favour of any public local body or Authority or State Govt. or any Public Institution or Trust or Fund or Organization or Person as the director may approve to establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of the Associations, institutions, clubs, societies, funds, trust and convenience constituted to benefit employees or ex-employees of the Company or the dependents or the connections of such persons or subject to the provision of Companies Act. To subscribe or guarantee money for any charitable, national, religious, benevolent, general or useful object or fund or for any purpose which may likely, directly or indirectly further the objects of Company or the interest of its member's business.
32. If upon a winding up or dissolution of the company, there remains, after the satisfaction of all the debts and liabilities, any property whatsoever, the same shall not be distributed amongst the members of the company but shall be given or transferred to such other company having objects similar to the objects of this company, subject to such conditions as the Tribunal may impose, or may be sold and proceeds thereof credited to the Rehabilitation and Insolvency Fund formed under section 269 of the Act.
- 4TH. The Liability of the Member(s) is Limited and this Liability is limited to the amount unpaid, if any, on the shares held by them.
- 5TH. The Authorized Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 1,00,00,000/- (Rupees One Crore only) divided into 1,00,000/- (One Lakh) equity shares of Rs. 100/- (Rupees Hundred only) each.

We the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agreed to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :

Sl. No.	Names : Address Description and Occupation of Subscribers.	No. of Shares taken.	Signature of the Subscribers.	Signature of witness with addresses, description & occupation.
1.	Surendra Nath Sahoo ✓ 8/10 Dinesh Chandra Sahoo At - Madhial P.O. - Kondrapara Dist. Cuttack (Orissa) Age - 42 yrs Occupation - Business	100 (Hundred only)	Sahoo	Witness to all Signatures Rajendra Mohan Das S/o Late Rama Chandra Das Badrumbati, Cuttack - 12 Occupation: Chartered Accountant
2.	Suchitra Sahoo ✓ 1/10 Surendra Nath Sahoo At - Madhial P.O. - Kondrapara Dist. Cuttack (Orissa) Age - 33 yrs Occupation - Business	100 (Hundred only)	Suchitra Sahoo	
3.	Sevanda Sahoo ✓ 1/10 Juddhischar Sahoo At - Sailong Village - Ghasipura Dist. Keonjhar (Orissa) Age - 28 yrs Occupation - Service	100 (Hundred only)	Sevanda Sahoo	
4.	Abudatta Sahoo ✓ 5/10 Bhimosen Sahoo 1/100 Markande Sanyasi Dist - Puri Age - 20 Occupation - Business	100 (Hundred only)	Abudatta Sahoo	
TOTAL		400 (Four hundred only)		

Place : Jagatpur.
Date : 13/02/1991.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
ODISHA PREFAB ENGINEERING PRIVATE LIMITED
(A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)

Interpretation

- I. (1) **In these regulations—**
 (a) “the Act” means the Companies Act, 2013,
- (2) Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the company.

PRIVATE COMPANY

The “Private Company” under section 2(68) of the Companies Act, 2013, means a company having a minimum paid-up share Capital as may be prescribed, and which by its articles,—

- (i) restricts the right to transfer its shares;
- (ii) Except in case of One Person Company, limits the number of its members to two hundred:

Provided that where two or more persons hold one or more shares in a company jointly, they shall, for the purposes of this clause, be treated as a single member:

Provided further that—

- (a) Persons who are in the employment of the company; and
- (b) persons who, having been formerly in the employment of the company, were members of the company while in that employment and have continued to be members after the employment ceased, shall not be included in the number of members; and
- (iii) prohibits any invitation to the public to subscribe for any securities of the company;

**** The Articles of Association of the Company has been altered vide Resolution No. 1 dated 22nd May, 2023.***

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

II.

1. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit.

(b) The Authorized Share Capital shall be such amount as may be from time to time be altered as per Clause 5TH of Memorandum of Association of the Company.
2. (i) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after incorporation, in case of subscribers to the memorandum or after allotment or within one month after the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided,—
 - (a) one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
 - (b) several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of twenty rupees for each certificate after the first.(ii) Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.

(iii) In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
3. (i) If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of twenty rupees for each certificate.

(ii) The provisions of Articles (2) and (3) shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the company.
4. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.
5. (i) The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by sub-section (6) of section 40, provided that the rate per cent. or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rules made thereunder.

(ii) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under sub-section (6) of section 40

(iii) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.

6. (i) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of section 48, and whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.

(ii) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.

7. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.

8. Subject to the provisions of section 55, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that they are to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may, by special resolution, determine.

LIEN

9. (i) The company shall have a first and paramount lien—

(a) on every share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share; and

(b) on all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the company;

Provided that the Board of directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause.

(ii) The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares.

10. The company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the company has a lien:

Provided that no sale shall be made—

(a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or

(b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.

11. (i) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.
(ii) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.
(iii) The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.
12. (i) The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.
(ii) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

13. (i) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed it.

Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call.

(ii) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.

(iii) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.

14. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by instalments.
15. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
16. (i) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten per cent. per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.
(ii) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.

17. (i) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.
- (ii) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
18. The Board—
- (a) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and
- (b) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve per cent. per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the member paying the sum in advance.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

19. (i) The instrument of transfer of any share in the company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.
- (ii) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
20. The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by section 58 decline to register—
- (a) the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or
- (b) any transfer of shares on which the company has a lien.
21. The Board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless—
- (a) the instrument of transfer is in the form as prescribed in rules made under sub-section (1) of section 56;
- (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
- (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.
22. On giving not less than seven days' previous notice in accordance with section 91 and rules made thereunder, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine:
- Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

23. (i) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
- (ii) Nothing in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.
24. (i) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either—
- (a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
- (b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.
- (ii) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.
25. (i) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.
- (ii) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.
- (iii) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.
26. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company:
- Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

27. If a member fails to pay any call, or instalment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any

part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.

- 28.** The notice aforesaid shall—
- (a) name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
 - (b) state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.
- 29.** If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.
- 30.** (i) A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.
- (ii) At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.
- 31.** (i) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the company in respect of the shares.
- (ii) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.
- 32.** (i) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary, of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;
- (ii) The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;
- (iii) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and
- (iv) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.
- 33.** The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

- 34.** The company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution.
- 35.** Subject to the provisions of Section 61, the company may, by ordinary resolution,—
- (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
 - (b) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
 - (c) sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;
 - (d) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.
- 36.** Where shares are converted into stock,—
- (a) the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulations under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit.
- Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.
- (b) the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
 - (c) such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words “share” and “shareholder” in those regulations shall include “stock” and “stock-holder” respectively.
- 37.** The company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised and consent required by law,—
- (a) its share capital;
 - (b) any capital redemption reserve account; or
 - (c) any share premium account

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

- 38.** (i) The company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve—

(a) that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and

(b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (ii) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions

(ii) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (iii), either in or towards—

(A) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;

(B) paying up in full, unissued shares of the company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;

(C) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B);

(D) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus shares;

(E) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the company in pursuance of this regulation.

39. (i) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall—

(a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and

(b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.

(ii) The Board shall have power—

(a) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions ; and

(b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or as the case may require, for the payment by the company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;

(iii) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.

BUY-BACK OF SHARES

40. Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to the provisions of sections 68 to 70 and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other

law for the time being in force, the company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.

GENERAL MEETINGS

41. All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.
42. (i) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.
- (ii) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

43. (i) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.
- (ii) Save as otherwise provided herein, the quorum for the general meetings shall be as provided in section 103.
44. The chairperson, if any, of the Board shall preside as Chairperson at every general meeting of the company.
45. If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
46. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING

47. (i) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
- (ii) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- (iii) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
- (iv) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

VOTING RIGHTS

48. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares,—
- (a) on a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and
 - (b) on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company.
49. A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.
50. (i) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
- (ii) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
51. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
52. Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll
53. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.
54. (i) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.
- (ii) Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

PROXY

55. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarised copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
56. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under section 105.
57. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the

revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:

Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

58. a) The number of the directors and the names of the first directors shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the Memorandum or a majority of them.

b) Following are the present Directors of the Company -

i. SURENDRA NATH SAHOO	DIRECTOR
ii. SUCHITRA SAHOO	DIRECTOR
iii. SUBHRAJEET SAHOO	DIRECTOR
iv. SAMARJEET SAHOO	DIRECTOR

c) The Board of Directors of the company consisting of individuals as directors and shall have a minimum number of two directors and maximum number of directors limits as prescribed by the Companies Act, 2013.

59. (i) The remuneration of the directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day.

(ii) In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of the Act, the directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them—

(a) in attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof or general meetings of the company; or

(b) in connection with the business of the company.

60. The Board may pay all expenses incurred in getting up and registering the company.

61. The company may exercise the powers conferred on it by section 88 with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of that section) make and vary such regulations as it may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.

62. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, hundis, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.

63. Every director present at any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof shall sign his name in a book to be kept for that purpose.

- 64.** (i) Subject to the provisions of section 149, the Board shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint a person as an additional director, provided the number of the directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the articles.
- (ii) Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting of the company but shall be eligible for appointment by the company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.
- 65.** (i) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.
- (ii) A director may, and the manager or secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.
- 66.** (i) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes.
- (ii) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board, if any, shall have a second or casting vote.
- 67.** The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.
- 68.** (i) The Board may elect a Chairperson of its meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office.
- (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- 69.** (i) The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit.
- (ii) Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board.
- 70.** (i) A committee may elect a Chairperson of its meetings.
- (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- 71.** (i) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.
- (ii) Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.

72. All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.
73. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing, signed by all the members of the Board or of a committee thereof, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or committee, duly convened and held.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, MANAGER, COMPANY SECRETARY OR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

74. Subject to the provisions of the Act,—
- (i) A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;
- (ii) A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.
75. A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE

76. The company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.
77. Subject to the provisions of section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the company.
78. (i) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalising dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, think fit.
- (ii) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.

79. (i) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.
- (ii) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share.
- (iii) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.
80. The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the company.
81. (i) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.
- (ii) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
82. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.
83. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.
84. No dividend shall bear interest against the company.

ACCOUNTS

85. (i) The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors.
- (ii) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by the company in general meeting.

WINDING UP

86. Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made thereunder—
- (i) If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the

assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.

(ii) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.

(iii) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY

- 87.** Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the court or the Tribunal.

be the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Articles and we respectively agreed to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :

Sl. No.	Names : Address Description and Occupation of Subscribers.	No. of Shares taken.	Signature of the Subscribers.	Signature of witness with addresses, description & occupation
1.	Surovindra Nath Sahoo ✓ 8/0 Dinkarabandhu Sahoo At - Madhial P.O. - Kendrapara Dist. Cuttack (Orissa) Age - 42 Yrs Occupation - Business	100 (Hundred only)	Sahoo	Witness to all Signatures Rajus-hare Das Soley: Date Rama Chandra Das Badrabadi, Cuttack - 12 Occupation: Chartered Accountant
2.	Suchitra Sahoo ✓ W/o Surendra Nath Sahoo At - Madhial P.O. - Kendrapara Dist. Cuttack (Orissa) Age - 33 Yrs Occupation - Business	100 (Hundred Only)	Suchitra Sahoo	
3.	Sevanda Sahoo ✓ W/o Jadhav Sahoo At - Sailong, Vra. Ghasipura Dist. Keonjhar (Orissa) Age - 28 Yrs Occupation - Service	100 (Hundred Only)	Sevanda Sahoo	
4.	Debadatta Sahoo ✓ W/o Bhimasesh Sahoo At - Markanda swar Saha Dist - Puri Age - 20 Occupation - Business	100 (Hundred Only)	Debadatta Sahoo	
TOTAL		400 (Four hundred only)		

Place : Jagatpur.
Date : 13/02/1991.